Adult education forms part of the program of a host of governmental and voluntary bodies, many of the latter receiving support from the Province.

Ontario.—Ontario has a thirteen-grade public school program, the junior matriculation level being reached at the end of grade 12, and senior matriculation at the end of grade 13. Commonly, elementary schools comprise grades 1 to 8, but some teach up to grade 10 and many have kindergarten classes (for four-year-olds) and kindergarten-primary classes (for five-year-olds). Secondary schools include grades 9 to 13, offering several curricula: general (academic), art, commercial, home economics and industrial.

Elementary schools under control of the Department of Education may be public or separate, all but three of the latter being Roman Catholic. A considerable number of the Roman Catholic separate schools in French-language communities are bilingual and are staffed by teachers trained in both French and English. Secondary schools under departmental control are all public and are of five main types: collegiate institutes, high schools, continuation schools, vocational schools and composite schools. A relatively small number of pupils attend private schools, most of which are inspected by the Department of Education and the students at which are prepared for Departmental certificates.

Most vocational education at the secondary level is provided in the public secondary schools, although there is a Provincial Institute of Trades (in Toronto), and there are two agricultural schools under the Department of Agriculture, many private business colleges and a number of private trade schools. The Department of Education also operates four technical institutes with most courses at the post-secondary level.

Teachers for the elementary schools are trained at teachers' colleges operated by the Department of Education, in a one-year course following completion of grade 13 or a twoyear course following grade 12. Secondary school teachers receive a one-year period of training at the Ontario College of Education, University of Toronto, after university graduation. Vocational school teachers are also trained at the Ontario College of Education.

In addition to a number of independent junior colleges and professional training schools, the Province has nine institutions of higher learning: University of Ottawa, Queen's University, Royal Military College, University of Toronto, McMaster University, University of Western Ontario, Assumption University of Windsor, Carleton University and Collège du Sacré-Coeur. All but the last two have federated or affiliated colleges.

A Community Programmes Branch of the Department of Education provides assistance to informal adult education and recreation programs, public secondary schools sponsor night classes, the universities offer extension services and many voluntary agencies operate in the field of adult education.

Manitoba.—The curriculum of Manitoba's public schools is organized in three stages: elementary (kindergarten and grades 1 to 6), junior high school (grades 7 to 9) and senior high school (grades 10 to 12). The junior matriculation level is reached at the end of grade 11, and the senior at the end of grade 12. In the larger centres there are schools of these three types while in rural areas most or all of the grades are often taught in one school. There has been little consolidation in Manitoba and many small schools still exist.

In the city of Winnipeg one of the eight senior high schools is vocational. There are composite high schools in other centres, and vocational as well as academic courses are available in a number of schools. No provision is made for separate schools in the public system but there are private or parochial schools which are inspected by officials of the Department of Education.